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· Excerpts from report published by Italian Socialist Party.

Italian Socialist Party has passed from "platonic" to active phase. About 8500 Socialists have so far been arrested as result of campaign of civil disobedience. 1400 at Genoa, including 500 women, about 2000 at Turin, 1500 at Milan, 900 at Waples, 300 Sestri, 200 at La Spezia. Following government intervention, some were released because war production was suffering as a result. Estimated that 100,000 copies of Socialist paper "The Third Front", distributed at opening of civil disobedience campaign.

Workers movement in Turin. January 1943

(In 1940 had less than 270 members, in 1942, nearly 1800.

Sit-down strikes have taken place at Fiat and Besio Carriage

Works. Harmful effects of Communist activities touched upon.

Lack of organization within Socialist Party prevented greater achievements during 1941-42.

Proclamation to French people from Italian Committee for Peace and Liberty. Nov. 1942

In substance, asks French people not to hate Italian troops of occupation. They are there as slaves, guarding slaves. If Italian soldiers receive inhuman orders, they will refuse to execute them.

Proclamation to Italian people. Sept. 1942.

Cites massacres in Yugoslavia. Plea for mercy for heroic Balkan peoples. Appeal to Italian mothers, wives, sisters, to show Italian soldiers ignoming of their acts in Balkans, Bussia; they must be invited not to carry out, on German orders, the slaughter-house tactics used a century ago by Hapsbirg soldiers in Milan and Venice. Appeal to soldiers and officers to refuse to dishonor the country by terrorizing and massacring harmless peoples. Italy's enemies are not the populations of the Balkans, Russia, England, America, but Mitler, Mussolini and the instruments of repression, the CVRA, the Fascist Militia and the Gestapo. Asks conclusion of separate peace with Bussia, England and America.